

GLOSSARY

AACSB

Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business.

Academic Advisor

A professional who helps students with academic and career planning.

Academic Calendar

A calendar indicating key dates and deadlines for important academic requirements and/or activities including, but not limited to, the start and end dates of classes, holidays, exam days, and registration dates.

Academic Year

The time frame from the start of a fall semester until the start of the subsequent fall semester. It typically is divided into the fall, spring, and summer semesters.

Accreditation

An endorsement from an oversight organization indicating that the educational institution and/or academic degree program meets or exceeds specific measures of quality.

Advanced Courses

Courses with content designed to be taken during the junior or senior year. At SHSU, these courses are numbered in the 300s or 400s.

Advanced Credit

Credit earned for advanced courses at universities. Courses transferred from a community college do not earn advanced credit.

Audit, Course

Enrollment in a course as a non-credit seeking student, with no record on the transcript.

Bachelor's Degree

An academic credential from a university earned after completing a specific program of study. Typically, the program of study will include a general education component, a major, degree related requirements, and electives and/or a minor. The minimum number of credits is 120 hours.

CLEP

College Level Examination Program. A series of tests available to students to demonstrate proficiency in various college subjects. CLEP exams may be used to earn college credits for select courses.

Classification

Indication of a student's progress toward degree completion based upon the number of hours completed. The categories of undergraduate classification are Freshman, Sophomore, Junior, and Senior.

Class Day

Any day in the academic semester when university classes are scheduled. The number of class days is used for drop dates, resignation dates, and tuition refund schedules. When determining the number of class days (e.g., 12th class day), start counting with the first day of on-campus daytime courses and increase by one each day the university has scheduled classes.

Closed Classes

Classes that have reached the designated maximum enrollment capacity or are not available for on-line registration.

Commencement

An event during which degrees are awarded to graduating students. SHSU holds commencement ceremonies every May, August, and December.

Concurrent Enrollment

Enrollment in courses at two institutions during the same semester.

Core Curriculum

The curriculum in liberal arts, humanities, sciences, and political, social, and cultural history that all undergraduate students of an institution of higher education are required to complete as part of an undergraduate academic degree program. Also referred to as the general education component.

Course Equivalency Guide

A table listing courses from a specific institution and the corresponding courses at SHSU that are considered to have the same content. The course equivalency guide is used to identify courses that may transfer to SHSU.

Course Numbers

A numeric code signifying the anticipated academic level and the credit hour value of a course. At SHSU, course numbers consist of four digits. The first digit in the sequence indicates the course level and suggests the academic year in which the course is typically taken. Lower-level undergraduate courses have a "1" or "2" in the first digit; upper-level undergraduate courses have a "3" or "4" in the first digit; and graduate courses have a "5" or higher in the first digit. The second digit in the sequence indicates the number of semester credit hours.

Course Prefix

Abbreviation identifying the academic discipline of a course (e.g., ACCT signifies Accounting, CRIJ signifies Criminal Justice, and BIOL signifies Biology).

Course Reference Number (CRN)

A unique six-digit number used to identify a specific course offering within a given term. The CRN is used to select courses when registering.

Credit by Examination

An award of academic credit and placement based on examination scores.

Credit Hour (also called Semester Credit Hour)

A unit of measure attached to academic courses, usually reflecting the number of lecture hours per week a course meets in a fall or spring semester.

Curriculum

A combination of courses that compose a particular area of study.

Dean

The highest ranking academic official in a college (e.g., College of Education).

Declaration of Major/Minor Form

The form submitted by an undergraduate student to officially declare a major and/or minor. The form is submitted to the departmental chair of the department housing the student's declared major.

Degree

An academic credential awarded upon the completion of a specific area of study. Universities offer baccalaureate degrees at the undergraduate level and master's and doctoral degrees at the graduate level.

Degree Plan

A specific list of academic requirements that must be completed to earn a degree.

Departmental Chair

An individual responsible for the administrative functions of an academic department. The functions include, but are not limited to, coordination of curriculum planning, faculty course assignments, and evaluation of faculty performance.

Developmental Courses

Courses designed to help student achieve the minimum standards set by the Texas Success Initiative (TSI). Developmental courses are listed with either a "031" or "032" course number and **do not** count toward the hours needed for graduation.

Doctoral Degree

A graduate degree that usually requires two or more years of study beyond the master's degree and progressively more credit hours, varying by discipline.

Double Degree

The concurrent pursuit of two specific majors, each with a different type of degree (e.g., BS with a major in mathematics and a BA with a major in English). The student must be awarded both degrees at the same graduation date.

Double Major

The concurrent pursuit of two specific majors with both resulting in the same type of degree (e.g., BS with majors in Biology and Chemistry). The student must be awarded both majors at the same graduation date.

Drop/Add

A term used to identify the act of deleting/adding courses from/to an established schedule.

Drop Date

The latest date that a student may drop a class without a letter grade being assigned. Dropping a class after this date results in a grade of "F" for the course.

Dual Credit

The receipt of high school and college credit for the same course for qualified high school students enrolled in college-level courses.

Dual Degree

A degree program allowing students to pursue two different degrees concurrently, with select courses satisfying the requirements of both degrees and shortening completion time for the combined programs. Dual degree programs must meet minimum credit hour requirements as specified by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges (SACSCOC).

Elective

A degree plan requirement, not directed to a specific area of academic content, contributing to the credit hour requirements of a degree.

Faculty

Appropriately credentialed individuals responsible for the delivery of course content and academic research and service.

FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid)

A federal form required from all students seeking need-based financial aid. The FAFSA collects family income and other financial information and is completed and filed by the student or his/her family.

Fees

Non-tuition charges dedicated to cover the cost of specific academic and/or service functions of the university.

Final Exam

An exam, usually comprehensive, designed to measure a student's retention and understanding of the course material. Final exams are scheduled for the last week of the semester and do not necessarily correspond to the regular class meeting time.

Freshman

The classification of a student who has completed 0 to 29 semester credit hours.

Full-Time Enrollment for Graduate Students

For financial aid eligibility, graduate students enrolled in nine or more credit hours during a fall or spring semester or six or more credit hours over the entire summer semester are considered full-time. Osteopathic medical students are considered full-time and are enrolled in a standard array of courses each term as designated by the approved curriculum of the College of Osteopathic Medicine.

The summer semester consists of Mini, Summer I, Summer II, and the Summer 10-week session.

Full-Time Enrollment for Undergraduate Students

For financial aid eligibility, undergraduate students enrolled in twelve or more credit hours during a fall, spring, or summer semester are considered full-time.

The summer semester consists of Mini, Summer I, Summer II, and the Summer 10-week session.

Grade Point Average (GPA)

Numeric average of academic performance on a 0-to-4 point scale. The GPA is the ratio of grade points earned to credit hours attempted.

Graduate Certificate

An academic, non-degree credential from a university awarded upon completion of a set of master's-level courses indicating mastery of a specialized field or subject area. Graduate certificates, requiring between 9 and 29 semester credit hours (SCH), may be offered as stand-alone credentials or embedded within a master's degree.

Grant

A type of financial assistance not requiring repayment.

International Baccalaureate

The International Baccalaureate (IB) Diploma Program is a comprehensive two-year pre-college curriculum that is offered in high schools across the globe that may lead to college credits.

Junior

The classification of a student who has completed 60 to 89 semester credit hours.

Less than Full-Time (Part-Time) Enrollment for Graduate Students

For financial aid eligibility, graduate students enrolled in six to eight credit hours during a fall or spring semester or one to five credit hours over the entire summer semester are considered less than full-time.

The summer semester consists of Mini, Summer I, Summer II, and the Summer 10-week session.

Less than Full-Time (Part-Time) Enrollment for Undergraduate Students

For financial aid eligibility, undergraduate students enrolled in six to eleven credit hours during a fall, spring, or summer semester are considered less than full-time.

The summer semester consists of Mini, Summer I, Summer II, and the Summer 10-week session.

Major

A student's concentrated area of study. Most majors consist of a minimum of 30 credit hours within a specific area of study.

Master's Degree

A graduate degree that usually requires two or more years of study beyond the bachelor's degree. The minimum number of credits is 30 hours.

Minor

A student's secondary area of study. Most minors consist of a minimum of 18 credit hours within a specific area of study.

Overload

A course load in excess of 19 hours in a fall or spring semester or 7 hours in a summer session. Overloads must be approved by the student's academic Dean.

Part-Time Enrollment for Graduate Students

See Less than Full-Time (Part-Time) Enrollment for Graduate Students.

Part-Time Enrollment for Undergraduate Students

See Less than Full-Time (Part-Time) Enrollment for Undergraduate Students.

Prerequisite

An academic requirement (e.g., completion of an earlier sequenced course) that must be satisfied prior to the enrollment in a specific course.

Probation

An academic standing placed upon undergraduate students who fall below a 2.0 SHSU or overall grade point average at the close of any semester or summer school during which one or more semester hours were attempted.

Q-Drop

A drop made after the last date for tuition refunds but before a drop would result in the grade of "F." Students will be allowed no more than five Q-drops during their academic career at Sam Houston State University.

Resignation

Withdrawing from all classes in which the student is enrolled at the university.

Second Degree

The pursuit of a degree at the same level of a degree previously awarded (e.g., baccalaureate).

Section, Course

A number used to distinguish between multiple offerings of the same course. On a student's schedule, the section is the number after the period following the course number (e.g., ENGL 1301.02 indicates section 2 of ENGL 1301).

Semester

Period of time during which academic courses are offered. SHSU offers fall, spring and summer semesters.

Semester Credit Hour

See Credit Hour.

Senior

The classification of a student who has completed 90 or more semester credit hours.

Sophomore

The classification of a student who has completed 30 to 59 semester credit hours.

Suspension

An academic standing imposed on undergraduate students with a SHSU or overall GPA less than 2.0 for two or more successive semesters. Students on suspension are not allowed to enroll in classes without the permission of the appropriate academic Dean.

Syllabus

A document containing academic and administrative information about a course. The syllabus is provided by the instructor at the beginning of the semester and typically includes a lesson schedule, dates of exams, and quizzes, assigned books and readings, e-mail/phone number and the best time to reach the instructor, and an explanation of how the final grade will be determined.

Transcript, Official

A university approved document providing information about a student's academic performance, including but not limited to, semester by semester listing and grades of courses attempted, credits earned, academic standing, GPA, TSI status, and admission exams.

TSI (Texas Success Initiative)

A Texas law requiring all entering college students to be assessed for college readiness in mathematics, reading and writing unless the student qualifies for an exemption.

Tuition

A per credit hour charge per course. There is a different rate for Texas residents and non-Texas residents.

Undergraduate

A student pursuing a bachelor's degree.

Undergraduate Certificate

An academic, non-degree credential from a university awarded upon completion of a set of baccalaureate-level courses indicating mastery of a specialized field or subject area. Undergraduate certificates, requiring between 12 and 36 semester credit hours (SCH), may be offered as stand-alone credentials or embedded within a baccalaureate degree.

Withdrew Failing (WF)

A mark indicating a student was not performing at a passing level at the time of resignation. This mark is used only for students resigning after the first nine weeks of a regular semester or after the first two weeks of a summer session.

Withdrew Passing (WP)

A mark indicating a student was performing at a passing level at the time of resignation. This mark is used only for students resigning after the first nine weeks of a regular semester or after the first two weeks of a summer session.